

#### UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



WITHDRAWN FOR EXCHANGE N.L.M.

WASHINGTON, D.C.





# DANCE OF HERODIAS,

Through the Streets of Hartford,

ON

# ELECTION DAY,

TO THE TUNE OF

THE STARS OF HEAVEN, IN THE

# DRAGON'S TAIL;

OR,

Agentle trip at the heels of the Strumpet of Babylons

Playing tricks in the attire of the

Daughters of Zion.

PRINTED FOR THE AUTHOR.

1799.

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and the second and and the court WALLEY OF THE Mary la visitionel

## CHURCH AND STATE CONNECTED.

66 HE church and state together blended,
Make an appearance very splendid.

Like myflery Babylon the great Magnificently cloth'd in flate. Or like th' apocalyptic Harlot When deck'd with gold and dreff'd in fcarlet. At Hartford, may be feen, at Election The likeness shewn to great perfection, When her procession will appear with all the clergy in the rear; Who, while the music plays, will lag on, As drags along his tail, the Dragon. While num'rous Guards in armour bright, Well disciplin'd, and taught to fight, Attend the process, on the road, From Court-House to the House of God : Where Priests and Statesmen take their places And put on fanctimenious faces. And lend, awhile, a candid ear To folemn councils which they hear. ( But what most forcibly impresses, Are plaudits in the last addresses. ) The fervice clof'd, after amen,

The Guards effort her back again.
Thus ends the curious exibition
Of what is destin'd to perdiction.

This hetrogenious composition,
And grand support of imposition,
Emphatically styl'd THE WHORE,
Will soon expire, and be no moreThis Austin sinds in Revelation,
And boldly makes the proclamation:
But lest the truth should credit gain,
The Clergy cry—"The man's infane."

#### SIR.

The foregoing ludicrous poem, composed merely for the author's own amusement, is now transmitted to you, by desire of several of your unknown friends, as a token of their respect, and the entire approbation they seel of the sentiments they have heard you deliver, and with the warmest wishes that you may be succeeded, and be happily instrumental in diffusing light, and liberating the world from those shackles of superstition and bigotry, by which they have been bound down in fervile submission to antichristian power, and impell'd to worship THE BEAST, or his image.

Those who are intoxicated with the cup of the whore of Babylen, will no doubt, take every method in their power to prejudice the minds of the people against you, and if possible, destroy your influence.—But in spite of all their efforts, oruth will finally prevail—Babylon must fall? The whore already begins to be bated; and will foon be made defotate and nuked—and her flesh will be esten.—She shall be burnt with fire, and utterly confumed. For strong is the LORD GOD who judgeth her.

Mr. Austin.

May 1798.

Copy of a Memorial, to be presented to the General Assembly of the state of Connecticut, at their October Sessions: to be held at New-Haven—A. D. 1799.

Gentlemen of the Nouse of Representatives, SIRS,

T a period when the kingdoms of the earth are tottering, and the nations are angry because the time of the judgments of God are come; it will scarcely be thought trespassing on your time, or insulting to your wisdom, if a mements attention be requested to the interesting subject, concerning which the nations are now agitating; on account of which the thunders of Heaven are now rolling; and before which tempest, myssical Babyson is fallings

An investigation of the ground of controverly, now so closely pressed, between the God of providence, and the kingdoms of this world connot be deemed an object unworthy of the ablest pen, or the most eloquent conque. The ground of controverly as it respects the realms' of the papal throng hath been ably controverted. It is not denied but the cup of the mystical whore is formed by her fellowship with the "kings of the earth." That this fellowship exists in the texture of the " politico, ecclesiastico, establishments" of the papal fee, the scriptures declare: and the fame fentiment was ever breathed forth in the lectures of the late prefident Stiles on the subject of ecclesiastical history, in unifon with this emposition of the prophetic writings all protestant writers of note, both in Europe and America have pronounced their decisions. Of consequence there is, with the intelligent, no difficulty in uniting with the anthems of inspiration, saying, simputable to the downfall of the nations within the limits of the papal power) we give thee thanks O LORD GOD Almighty, which art and wast and art to come, besaufe thou hast taken to thee thy great power and hast reigned, and the nations were enery, and thy wrath is come, and the time of the dead that they Should be judged. All this, protestants allow to be good and wholesome doftrine in reference to the first branch of the antichristian householdto "the MOTHER of MARLOTS"-to the " wo. man that fitteth upon many waters"-" with, whom the kings of the earth have committed fornication?—"that fitteth upon a fearlet coloned (a perfecuting) BRAST, full of names of blafphemy" (of repreaches against the simplicity of the gospel worship and order) "having seven heads and ten horns"—a figure of civil and esa clessassical power in papal Reme.

AGAINST fuch a power as this, protestant divines have no objection to the going forth of the thunders of Heaven, in full detail. But now comes the controversial pill. A recent and just interpretation of the prophetic characters declares, that the same guilt which is laid at the door of the gapal household, arising from her connection with the "kings of the earth," must be disposed of by those who imitate her example in the protestant department. At this charge our Clergy take umbrage and fay; will you, then, dislodge us from the arms, embraces, and supports of civil power ? calling these suis tors, "kings of the earth," rivals of the King of Kings, and intruders into the bed-chamber of the Heavenly Bridegroom? and of confequence infer, that we are lying in the bosom of Herod." Let the fact answer for itself! for tho' this proftiente woman have a daughter whose name is " Herodias," whose movements are graceful and exceedingly entertaining to by-Randers on Hegod's birth day-while the drefs her train and

parade them in military order on election days, and the' fhe preach most eloquent fermons, fuch as delight the ear of Herod, and finally, in a fet of complimentary phrases, advance him and his train to Heaven like the papal bishop at the fall of Lewis the fixteenth, who, to confole the fufferer under his unexpected fate, from the charriot of papal elevation cried out " Louis seize fil de Louis quatorze. montez au ciel ! - Louis seize fil de Louis quatorze, montez auciel!\*-yet it may be, this graceful dame may be a daughter of Babylon after all. Let Herod alk of her her reward for this fervice, and being instructed of her mo. ther, it is a hazzard, but the will still say-give me here the head of John the Babtist in a charger !- Cut off the head, or bear down all teffimony against the connexion between the mother and the royal favor !"

## SIRS,

In the light of this uncontrovertable prophetic aspect, your memorialist presents for your consideration the following questions:

1. Do not the establishments of religion which now exists, either in the form or under the pat-

<sup>\*</sup> Lewis the sixteenth, son of Lewis the fourteenth, ascend up to Heaven!

ronage of monarchical or national favor, look much like sproutings from the papal stump?

- 2. Is the indignation of Heaven is pouring forth for the purification of the mystical whore, doth it not well become the protestant daughters forthwith to purify their garments?
- 3. Is the politico, ecclesiastico stars of the papal simument, for their unaked aid, like Uzzah,
  have been struck from there heigths, will it not
  become all protestant interference to withdraw
  its hand, before the indignation of incensed Heaven break forth?
- 4- Might not all the laws\* of the state of Connecticut respecting ecclesiastical concerns be repealed, without contravening the spirit of the truth, or the present order of providence, or endangering the safety of the ark of God?

### A descendant of DAVID.

The laws refered to are all acts, or paragraphs in acts, by which the visible ministers of the gospel are made ministers of the state :—by which the support of the gospel presumed to belong to the state, and which levy taxes by state authority for that purpose: by which the existance, of the Kingdom of the Redeemer is vainly represented as incapable to support itself: or christians, standerously, represented as indipposed of their own tree will, to contribute, ac-

To the members of the General Assimbly &c. SIRS,

WILL it be thought matter of presumption, or of indelicacy that a glance of the eye should be requested to the following hints in aid to the memorial, on the subject of the repeal of all the saws of the state of Connecticut, which either directly, or indirectly, innocently or wickedly, form that encircling embrace which hath doomed to prostitution the christian bride, now laboring to recover the native rights of an Heavenborn maid?

By a repeal of these laws, you will

of a prefumptuous interference in the concerns of the kingdom of GoD; and, possibly, save

cording as God may have prospered them, to the support of that gospel in which their hope rests.

THESE laws and sections of laws are such as assume, as belonging to the state, the whole pre-rogative of ecclesiastic administration! such as make it the duty of ecclesiastical societies "to apply to the County Court in the County where such society is situate, to appoint and six the place whereon their meeting, house shall be erected and built"—as oblige the clerk of the society on the penalty of "seven dollars to certify the county court of the doings of said society," as authorize the assembly, in case "of complaint secon-the county court, to assess such six on the

yourselves from the stroke which brought Uriah to the ground — which drave Uriah from
the altar, and chased him before the avenging
earthquake, as the papel intruders have been
chased before the earthquake, of the French Revolution: haples rivals of Innovan's son!

2. You would afford opportunity for evidence to declare that your attention to this celeftial

fociety as they shall judge proper for the carrying on and sinishing the meeting house thus begun:" as forbid, religious societies from entering upon the building of an house for the worship of Gon, without first obtaining permission of, and falling under the eye, of the prescribing county court, " under the penalty of one hundred and thirty four dollars for every transgression. And such county court shall be allowed the fees for their judgment thereon, as in the trial of other cause es."

This memorial would demand the repeal of such laws and sections of laws, as sorbid a person to act in the visible concerns of his salvation, unless he have a certain legal qualification in point of freehold estate—or rate in the list, or be he a person in full communion with the church in said towns as make it the duty of the select men of the town, to see to it, that all taxes levied on this coelestastical body be duly collected, by demanding writes from justice of the peace or affishent for that purpose; as appoint distress upon collectors not speedy in their duty in this concern: as make the estates of the select men liable to distress; if they do not take out a distress upon the collector or collectors as aforesaid, together with a fine of ten

maid was founded on purer principles than those of state policy, or of personal accommodation. The enemy, no longer, should say that the ministry sounded your praise, in return for the Babylonish garment and the wedge of gold you aided them to hide in the bottom of the tent.

3. You would wreft from the hand of the enemy a most deadly lance, which, with too much success, he wields against the purity and innocency of revealed truth; whilst he constantly afferts that the labors of established priesthood amount but to the merchandise of Babylon.—

dollars to the county treasurer for every such neglect.

At which shall be received by action brought by the states attorney, to the county court, in the same county,; and no appeal shall be granted in such case.

LET all fuch acts be struck down as authorize an affisiant, or justice of the peace, next residing to any town neglecting to choose a collector or collectors for itself, to appoint and empower by his warrant, such collector or collectors for the town afresaid.—All such acts as secure to a minister, not wanted in his parish, the right of applying to the assembly for the maintainance which the people choose not to afford: and also, all such acts as lay sines, demand sums or payments from congregations which, for causes well known to themselves, shall not choose to settle a minister, according to law within a given time.

Stal. Con. p. 315. 16. 17. 18. 19.

what such stars shine in borrowed light; that the elements of their political simument need only to be disolved, and the meteors will fall, as when a sig-tree is shaken of an untimely wind.

- 4. Were the foregoing affection to prove true and the predicted effects to follow, most happy opportunity would present for the wisdom and power and grace of the mighty Redeemer to exert itself in purifying his bride, in gathering his own into his own arms, and in forming to himself that kingdom, wherein dwelleth rightequiness. For this opportunity, and for this event, the whole creation now travaileth in birth and is pained to be delivered.
- 5. By prefling this profitute from your bosom, you would awaken in her, if ought of delicate fentiments, and purity of attire remain, a poignant sense of the injury done to the honor of her Heavenly husband, whilst she hath provoked his jelousy, by reclining on the bosom of the "kings of the earth."—Should her celestial lover receive her again, of which she need not doubt, the joy of the renewed espou. Sal will, a shouland sold, compensate for the momentary grief of being loosed from the arms of an unlawful embrace.

6. You would greatly aid the introduction of the SECOND REVOLUTION which is inward and spiritual and which is founded on principles of evangelical purity; forbiding the contaminating touch of the beast, or of his image to be received in the hand or in the forehead. Let then the tea, with a tax upon it, go into the harbor of Boston!

But, Sirs, you may be willing to hear an anafwer to the objections, which might be brought against a compliance, with the prayer of the memorial. Let then the objection, from the heights of our nominal zion, or rather, from the zion that dwelleth with the daughter of Babylon be heard.

1. The trumpet announes, in trembling accents, if if you sap our soundation, you will soon see an end to the christian religion "—Ars. As an inside argument, this objection is answered, by a declaration that in regard to its origin, or means of support the Gospel kingdom is not of this world: of consequence the withdrawing of policical interserence from the support of this kingdom, no more endangers its fasety, than the removal of a foundation, on which the edifice never stood.

FROM the lips of a christian, such an objection its but the offspring of unbelief, and amounts to slander against the cause he professes to maintain. With the same justice it might be said that the ark of God, tho' under the auspices of Heaven, could never find its way thro' the waters of the Mediteranean, were it not for the stores and runing rigging, borrowed of the sleets of the different powers it met in the way. Such men can be but fresh-water sailors, tho' mitres, doctorates, and diplomas adorn their brow!

Ohj. 2. But have we not enjoyed great tranquility during the period in which our church and state have thus walked in kind embrace?

Ans. So has Rome Papal, as far as the thunder of her bulls, and of her arms, could suppress the testimony of the truth; and consign to the inquisitions, to purgatory and to Hell all who questioned the lawfulness of her connection with the "kings of the earth!" Rome protestant hath defended herself on the same principles, tho' to the matter defended was attached all the corruptions of the myssical cup, of which the bright example is given in the person and character of the reforming head, Henry the eighth-The time of this ignorance GOD hath winked at four new commands all men every where to repent.

obj. 3. Will not great personal inconvenience arise from the measure contemplated?

Ans. No true star can be shaken: only meteors will fall: and in respect to such, why should controversy be maintained, seeing the decree of Heaven is gone forth to roll the stone, cut cut without hands, against the feet of the image which were of iron and of clay?—If the wind of Heaven, like an irresistable tornado is gone, and is going over the sace of the earth, because the iniquity of the Amorites is full; why should we be backward to take up the ark of God, in due order, and march in and take possession of the goodly land? To whom swear he that they should not enter into his rest but to them that heteved not?

Obj. 4. WILL not fuch dissolving of church and state connection mar all our prospects, in respect to the speedy introduction of the millenial essate?

Ans. Far otherwise!—It is the only way in which preparation for that happy event can be made. It is the removing of the rubbish und e which the old foundation lies. This foundation we must look for. On this foundation we must build. In all things must we build according to the pattern shewed to us in the mount. This

pattern is pure in doctrine, and in precept and in discipline. Let, then, the old fabric, by gentle agreement be taken down, lest our river be dried up that the way of the kings of the east be prepared. The same rod which hath broken the incrustation of other nations, may, in God's hand, demand of us the liberation of the captives; in ease the milder methods of rational and of scriptural demand do not succeed.

In the light of these collateral considerations, can there, sir's !—remain a shadow of donbe whether the voice of the truth, of Goo, and of your own safety do not demand a ready and cheerful compliance with the spirit of the memorial presented?

A descendant of DAVID.

P. S. THAT no unfair management may be ever complained of, in the profecution of the spirit of this memorial, all doctors of divinity with all their fabor dinate aid; all associations, confociations, councils and councellors, whether already assembled or to be assembled, are hereby notified that the objects of this memorial will be prosecuted before the honorable General Assembly, as soon as the business of the session will admit of an easy introduction of the memorial, and their indulgence admit of a hearing in its supports

THE DOUBTS, &c.

The doubts which might arise in the minds of any in respect to the propriety of the publication of the foregoing, with defign to strike down the stars which shine in borrowed light; to whom hope feemed to be granted that they might fill hold their place, will be dispelled; when it be considered that the jealousies of Heaven are aroused asresh; by a palpable desial of the truth and justice of the prophetic application, which brings "the ftars" of our firmament into the family of " the mother of harlots :" by the contemptuous treatment which the notices of Heaven's gracious defigns were received : and by a fixed determination on the part of the priesthood to continue their present station, sentiments and courfe, rather than to roll their bopes and prospects upon the sustaining arm of the great head of the church.

The underligned is commanded, again, to take the station he held whilst opening and applying the prophetic characters, to the visible clergy; of the state establishments which to them appertain; and to thunder against them the rebuke which their apostacy demands—that they, in the end, may know that God's holy word is as true and just in its sentence against them, as to other apostates of less notoriety, and less capable to

hide their iniquity under the skirts of the Babylonish garment.

To shew the justice of the sentence of God, in the prophecies, against the clergy of the political establishments; I dare to pronounce that in them, and in the spirit of their present ministry, the croakings of the three unclean spirits which came out of the mouth of the dragon, and out of the mouth of the beast, and out of the mouth of the false prophet, are found.

THE evidence of this charge is discovered,

- 1. In a just construction of the prophetic figure,
- 2. In the course these spirits take, and in the object they have in view: and
  - 3. In the impossibility of any other construction.
- figure. And I faw three unclear spirits like frogs come out of the mouth of the drager, and out of the mouth of the wonth of the month of the falle prophet. By the dragen is to be understood kingly power. This is evident from the rank the dragon holds among beasts. He is king of all the beasts, or subordinate dragons of the field. Pharaoh is called the dragon, as lying in the sens beside the river of Egypt; and also, in the exclamation of the prophet. Art not thou it that

the land of Egypt by the many plagues, and wounded the dragonic power of Egypt in the person of Pharaoh and his host? Satan is somenimes called the dragon, as the great dragon of deagons; the great king of kings, the great devil of devils in the apostate shades: on the dark side of the question.

By the BEAST, understand this dragonic power, bearing in its arms, or carrying upon its shoulders the apostate woman, called the GREAT WHORE which states bave committed fornication. The apostate church, in the arms of the state, forms the character of the BEAST. Thus when, in and after the reformation, the protestant church reclined into the arms of the state; she is chargeable, with her layers, of taking the form of the IMAGE of the beast.

From this dragonic and heaftly power combined, proceeds, as out of their mouth an adminification, that takes the character of the false prophet. This comprises the testimony of the whole combined priesthood in all sections of kingly christendom. Hence, whilst the papal clergy croaked like frogs (unclean spirits through the contaminating influence of kingly prerogative embracing the maid, originally pure and heaven-

born) in the papal administration, it pleased God that the national rod should put them to silence. Before, therefore, many more speeches are made, and sympathetic exclamations are sent abroad respecting their extermination, let it be proved that the papal clergy did not, in the prophetic field, stand exactly exposed to the stroke they received! They were unclean. Their offerings were unfavory. unclean field was in their garments.

This exposition of the prophetic figure can not be consuted. It challenges all the powers of papal or protestant Rome, of the mother of harlots and of all her daughters to wash themselves elean from the contamination which this prophetic construction sastens upon them.

LET our pen be sorgiven if it soy, that the tripple exertion of power in the dark shade of things, in the regions of mystical Babylon, is an off-set and counterpart to the tripple exertion of the Trinity, in unity, in the pure and unadulterated offices of our hely religion.—As the exertion of this power maintains and preserves the true worshippers of God in the paths of purity, truth, and holiness; so, as a counterpart, in point operation, it pleases God to let the three unclean spirits go forth anto the kings of the earth and of the whole world to getch.

er them to the battle of that great day of GOD ALMICHTY. This operation is now performing.

THE exposition comes to consider,

2. The course of this operation. They go forth to the kings of the earth and of the whole world.

The love of dominion in hings: the participation of it in prieftly establishments, founds the alarm at their prophetic mouth; rings the toc-sin thro' all their realms, and calls forth all under their influence to the battle of the great day of GOD ALMIGHTY. That a combination between the kings and priests of the earth is formed, none will deny. That state talls upon the church, and that church calls upon the state, is feen in all the regions of myssical Babylon. Come up, say they, one to the other, to the help of the LORD against the mighty, for Church and STATE are in danger!

This declaration will not be decied. The destruction of them both to far as to diffulve this union, is written in the great decree. The former verse is a declaration to this point, whilst the going forth of the unclean spirits is the mode of summoning up the waters of Babylon to the mark of perdition. And the fath argel poured out his viel upon the great river Englishes and the

waters thereof was dried up, that the way of the kings of the eust might be prepared. The river Euphrates by its waters, its trade, its wealth Supportted old Babylon. Its waters were dried up, and the Medes and Persians, the kings of the East took the city. The prefent Euphrates is the faith, the treasures, the power of myffical Babylon. This river is drying up. People have much less confidence in kingly and priestly power, in iron and clay chablishments than they used to have. They have been, like old Ifrael in bondage long enough. They care not for the waters of old Babylon. Let the kings of the East come in! let the means which Gop hathappointed to shake down the walls of Babylon prosper ! let all nations be shaken, that the defire of all nations may come! - The two leaved gates of mystical Babylon are the double exertion, the combined operations of kingly and priestly power. Let the door posts be firuck down, and let the captives come forth !

THE impossibility of any other constructions, the blishes the foregoing to be the true and genuine meaning of the passage.

The stile of unclean is of prophetic or figurative cast. It is taken from the ordinances of Jewish service. Certain animals, persons, and things, were stiled unclean. They were not accepted in, or purified for the fervice of Gon, according to the Jewish ritual. The ox was a clean beaft, and might be offered in facrifice ; but the als was unclean, and might not be brought into the courts of the Lord's House. In a prophetic fense these things prefigure the purity of the persons and service maintained in the Gospel Law. The offerings must be pure : otherwife they are unclean. The offerings of a priesthood, held forth by the arm of national or political power are unclean. Their persons and fervices are contaminated. They are unholy; they are impure. The intoxitating cup of mystical Babylon is the "cup of blefling" which they hold forth. It is a mixed cup. The wine presented is the wine of a kingly and of a pricstly communion. This cup, in a prophetic sense, is called the cup of demons, or of devils. It is an unnatural, mixed and beaftly cup. Its wine is differged from the mouth of the Dragon! of the beast, and of the false prophet. . It is not the simple, pure, and holy cup which proceeds from the united administration of the FATHER, SON, and Holy GHOST. It is a counterfeit, bastardly, and beaftly cup. It is that eup which indignant Heaven is now striking from the hand of papal Rome. Kings and cardinals cannot keep their hand fleady. The intoxicating bowl is broken and breaking. The " golden cup," in

winations and filthiness of her fornication" is to be firuck to the ground. For all nations have drunk of the wine of the wrath of her fornication and the hings of the earth have committed fornication with her, and the merchants of the earth are waxed rich, thro' the abundance of her delicacies. And I beard another voice from heaven saying, come out of her my people that we be not partakers of her sins and that we receive not of her plagues.

The cup of this connexion is called the cup of demons or devils. Thus faith the apostle, in respect to the mixture of the gospel service with the heathenish institutions. Ye cannot be partakers, of the cup of the LORD and of the cup of devils.—This combined cup goes forth to the kings of the earth and of the whole world to gather them to the buttle of that great day of GOD AL-MIGHTY.

It gathers them by the strength of its wine; by its fondness for, and anxiety to maintain its former prerogative; and, lastly, it gathers them to meet the destiny which they are appointed to receive in that great day of GOD ALMIGHTY. The day referred to, is the present day: so stilled from the magnitude of the events the scene discloses: from the severity of the wrath of Go.

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upon the feat of the beaft, and from regard to the stupendous scenes which are to follow in anick succession. That the scriptures might be fulfilled, and the mafts of the ALMIGHTY have an object at which to aim their unerring indignation, it was necessary that suitable means should be employed to rally up the forces of the uncircumcifed, to meet the rod of the God of Jacob. The croakings of kingly power, at the lips of a contaminated priesthood, have marveloufly fulfilled the fcripturs, and presented the huntimen of the ALMIGHTY, their prey. A conspiracy !- a conspiracy ! against all the establifted governments and religious, in the world, is on foot, they cry !- from what quarter, it is demanded ?- from the unprincipled revolutiontioniffs: from Talleyrand and his affociates, they answer! a fact, not denied! a fact indeed! a conspiracy exists! Let the proofs of a Robinson cut their way !- But who hath suffered the foundation of this conspiracy to be so deeply laid? to be so artfully managed? to be so successfully played off ?- undoubtedly, it is done under the superintendance of that prophetic eye, which faw that the time was come to make good the predictions of holy writ. The vaffals of the dragon, of the heaft, and of the falle prophet must be summoned up to open war; whilst the feeret underminings of Robinson's conspirators weaken the roots of those spoftate cedars which the stormy wind, fulfilling his will is appointed to bear away !- In this view it is eafy to fee why the cedars of the apostate Jerusalem are so easily fhaken : why the calves of Dan and Bethel are fo easily threwn down. The croakings around these calves, are like the cuttings of the prophets of Baal, agonizing that their god would come and confound the inftruments who bear fo awful and fo fuccessful a commission against their craft. never were the pulpits of Rome papal, and of Rome protestant so warmly plied with antidote against the threatened indignation as at the prefent time. The theme is worn out : the fubject is grown stale : and if the combination between kingly and prieftly power is to come down, the people begin to say let it fall ! let it fall ! No. fear for the truth of GoD; feeing the iren band with the green grafs is already applied to the Affyrian flump!-

The exposition of the figurative language respecting the three unclean spirits may be supported, in its application to the ministration of mystcal Babylon by appeal to Doct. Dwight's discourte on the fourth of July 1798. see p. 6. "in
the remaining verses &c."

THE exposition of the doctor is good; and he needs only to make the same application of the

croakings of the frogs to the "regular clergy" of the protestant hierarchy that he does to the papal clergy, and he will discover his own standing to be not far removed from the order of the ecclesiastical frogs against whom his exposition is so justly severe.

To avoid the application, it is easy to see that the doctor attempts to put the cap of this illustration, eventually upon those who now appear as the fappers and miners of the old hierarchy. Thefe he fays are the followers of Voltaire, of the masonic order, and of the Illuminati. But by what kind of logic the doctor will prove that an application of prophetic character, defignating the combination of the DRAGON, of the BEAST and of the falle prophets, as constituting the ecclesiastical hierarchy, can be laid at the door of those infidels appointed of God to firike down that hierarchy, it is not easy to determine! the doctor must look over the College library once more. There is a wide difference between the hierarchy of tumbling Rome, and the inftruments conspiring and warring against it.

WHETHER it is not probable that the hierarchy of Rome was capable of producing the prohetic frogs in question may be in some measure determined by an appeal to their character in a thankfgiving discourse of Rev. N. Strong, 1798.

er AFTER having made thefe observations, to fecure myfelf against the imputation of a rigorous and uncharitable fpirit, I must be allowed freely to fay, that the Roman empire in all its forms, the ancient and modern, the civil and eccles fisftical, hath been a tyrannical and persecuting power. It is unquestionably the same power pointed out in the gospel prophecies, by the man of fin-by the beaft-the mother of harlots-the falle prophet-the beaft that afcended out of the bottomless pit and endeavored to destroy the witnesses of God-the dragon that cast out of his mouth a flood of water to destroy the truth of Gon-the modern Babylon which should fall by the figual judgments of Gon-that great city that ruleth over the kings of the earth."

And again, p. 21. "Its tyranny hath been over its own subjects and the people of distant regions. To a civil despotism, which naturally grew out of the barbarous foundation of seudal rights, it hath added a religious tyranny beyond all the sins that have before defiled the earth or oppressed men. It hath blasphemicusly changed and used the religion of the meck and lowly Jusus, to scourge oppressed nations—to dethrone lawful princes—and to indulge and pardon the worst of subjects in the greatest crimes. The sivil and religious tyrant, have walked handing

hand to deceive, to impoverish, & to enhave the soul & then to hail the whole as done for the glory of God. These prophecies of John had a vast object for their description. Not merely one city, or nation or century of time; but the great political body of Europe, with its dependencies in other quarters of the globe, which is the old Roman empire arisen in a new form, consisting of popes, ecclesiastical states and dignities, professed apostles of Jesus at the head of armies, emperors, kings, princes, and a multisarious catalogue of civil and ecclesiastical courts, dignities, powers and oppressions. This vast body has been called the holy Roman church, and the holy Roman empire with its allies."

And yet Mr. Strong readily coincides with "Timothy Dwight," in faying that he hath juilly explained the three impure spirits under the first vial that went out of the mouth of the dragon, and out of the mouth of the beast, and out of the mouth of the false prophet to mean the principles of insidelity "which within a century have arisen in the old christian world."—If the mouth of the dragon kingly power—the mouth of the beast, priestly power combined, and of the mouth of the false prophet, the impure testimony of this combination ditgorge only principles of insidelity, will Mr. Strong have any objections

chat this communion be for faken throughout the world, the'it preach under a protestant name!

To parry this conclusion perhaps Mr. S. may appeal to a sentence in his discourse p. 17 -" It is the Talleyrands in character, and their affocis ciates, whom I conceive to be most properly defigurated by the mother of barlots, in the present period of the great apollacy from Goo." This appropriation of the " mother of harlots' to Talleyrand and his affociates was, politically need. ful, in order to justify the idea that the impure testimony of the dragon, beast and falle prophet might be faid to proceed out of their mouth. But alas! for this subterfuge! Old commenta. tors who have never had their heads turned by the vertigo of modern whirlwinds, will testify that the "mother of harlots" had been on the stage twelve hundred years before Talleyrand was born ! neither can all the artifice of Mr. Strong invent how the administration of Talleyrand forms the least shade of resemblance to the apostate empire of the dragon, the beast and false prophet; or, in his own words, to the " mother of harlots." They are no more alike than the game purfued, is like the hounds that croud the chase. The mystical mother, who with her daughters of every communion, fitteth upon the many waters committing fornication with " the

kings of the earth" is the prey: Talleyrand and his affociates are the rapacious pack to whom it is given to take the prey, and to divide the spoil.—Church and state policy form the antichristian fift which this Leviathan pursues.

Mr. Strong, must therefore throw his die once more, or it will be pronounced that, as yet, it falls from a trembling hand.

But, perhaps, these two prelates may get aid, from the puffy fanction of their brother Doct. Morfe. This Doctor in divinity, whether to fave his falling brother, or, by puffing his superiors, to mount with them the Theological car, and ride to the tune of the Triumviri, I will not decide, has lavished forth his most hearty Amen to the spirit of the two discourses just now quoted .-How far the two gentlemen will acknowledge the Aebt of gratitude to their trumpeter I will not undertike to determine. If it should be found that a Triumvirate was, absolutely, formed in New England, and that the prophetic figure, lit. erally, hath its application already manifest, perhaps it would be difficult to prove that the figure did not apply to the three persons forming the Triumvirate in question : who, ir may be said, is more fond, or doth more for the support of kingly prerogative, than Timothy Dwight ! who assumes more theological & political airs, than the

presiding bishop of the day, N. Strong? & who can dance to all tunes, & preach to all texts relating to church and state policy, with a readier hand than Jedediah Morse!—Is not the prophetic character fairly illustrated!—out of the mouth of the dragen; out of the mouth of the beast and out of the mouth of the false prophet. These characters form the trinity of church and state policy. Let us see how well the chief speaker, the third and last great acting character can play his part!—

THAT the attempt to place the shades of this dark character to the regular elergy of the political establishments, in protestant countries may not be pronounced unfair let it be premised that these gentlemen make no apology for the appropriation of the croaking character to the regular clergy of the papal church. The only question, to be fettled, is whether a priestly adminifiration, in the arms of protestant kings, is not as justly entitled to the charge of mystical fornication, to the character of political croakers, as the papal clergy themselves : especially as Mr. Strong gives great credit to the papal clergy for the conflarcy of their faith. "three unclean spirits, like frogs' fays doctor Dwight, are exhibited as coming out of the mouth of the dragment, and of the falle prophet; or as I apprehend, of the regular clergy of that hierarchy ?"

LET us now attend to the political fong of the chief croaker in favor of a fate ecclesiastical lodgment in the arms of "the kings of the earth" just now hinted at.

In a fast-sermon; the said Morfe, in view of the effects of that reformation in church concerns, which it feems, evidently, the will of heaven to accomplish, cries out if the foundations be destroyed what can the righteous do? Indeed, is may be answered, what shall they do? But who are thefe righteous perions ?- In the spirit of this national difcourfe-they are the righteous clergy of all countries, where the revolutionary form fweeps a way their political places their falaries-taxes, and all kingly support ! indeed if such foundations be destroyed, what shall the righteous do? " In fome of our newspapers? faith Morfe, " which are read with more avidity, and more fait h than the Holy Bible, they (the clergy) are continually reproached and villfied; and every low artifice is used to lessen their influence and usefulness; and what is deep. ly to be lamented, this poison is greedily swallowed, and affiduously diffeminated by some,

even who profess to be the warm friends and supporter of christianity, and of the christian minftry." If this pathetic exclamation be juft, it ein scarcely be doubted that the good people of all communions, begin to diffinguish between real gofpel ministers, and political cro. kers .--But if things go on fo, what shall these righteious men do? The answer is ready: Let some of them write poetry, others, follow their diffil. eries ; and the rest write geographics .- But if rather than do this, they infit on croak. ing; let them tike a moving policion, and as Talleyrand advances (of whom they feens to be in such fear) and like one of Morfe's allegaturs opens his month for prey, let them dragon, beast and falle prophet altogether, m ke one desperate teap into the yawning Hell of this gaping Leviathon : I will answer for it, that the upper jaw shall fall with all the avidity of the allegator fecuring his prey !- a freet morfel thefe cro kers would prove, in the voras cious maw of the infatiable Talleyrand.

THAT this is the game, inccessfully pursued, by the archers of the day, is acknowledged by Morse: "The clergy have been among the first victims to that sanguinary revolutionising spirit which now convulses the world." And can this croaker give a better reason for the

fuccels of this revolutionising splint, than that there is a junction formed both of external and of bidden operation according to the will of God whereby the whore is to be hated, to be made defolate and naked—her slich to be esten and her body burnt with fire—for Arong is the LORD GOD who judget her.

WHETHER, therefore, a moving position does not become the croaker in question let sober sense determine.

Bur against the judicious and well-informed of his own state, this chief speaker takes up his burthen, and exclaims, " so numerous, indeed, and bold have the adversaries of the clergy become, so consident of their strength, that even in our legislature, they have lately ventured to bring forward, and strenuously to advocate meafures, and publickly to avow opinions, tending directly, and almost, infallibly, to deprive a great part of the present clergy of regular supports?"

How aftenishing that, in the legislature of Massachusetts there should be found men who should venture to avow, and strenususly advocate measures tending almost infallibly, to deprive these regular croakers, of regular support 1!—O tempora! O mores!

THE answer to this, pitcous, felfsh, and fearful

exclamation is found in the well acknowledged fentiment, that the pure gospel of the ever blessed Redeemer, does not depend on the legal stipends of an hired priesthood for its support: and though Jedediah Morse might not be of that opinion, it seems the legislature of Massachusetts were well migh ready to put the question to the test.

But how aftonished will the candid of all denominations of christians be when they come to be informed that the fun total of the bill before the legislature was calculated only to give that therty of conscience to distinct worshippers of God, which our Federal Constitution secures, and which finds no enemies, excepting in those who still abide by the exploded doctrine of the unity and infallibility of mystical Rome!

The whole of this mighty nothing is found in Morse's own words, in a note at the end of his discourse, "Note D. "The measures alluded to in the foregoing paragraph were proposed to the legislature during the last session in the form of a bill, which was supported with much zeal by some of the members. The purport of this bill, as I have been informed, from very respectable authority, was that any individual producing a certificate from the clerk of any association of men for religious purposes, that he or she, act-

ually contributed to the support of public wor. thip, should exempt such person from all legal assessments or requisitions, for the maintenance of public teachers.

"HAD this bill passed into a law, it is easy to see that it would have justified and protected (as was no doubt the intention of the bill, tho' by no means of all who may have voted for it) the disaffected, the irreligious and the dispifers of public worship and of the christian sabbath, in every town and parish, in withdrawing that support of the christian ministry which the laws now oblige them to give. This class of people is not small in many of our towns and parishes; and their support taken away would reduce many of the clergy to a situation that would compel them to leave their people."

The charge of design in the framers of the bill to justify the disoffected, and irreligious and the dispifers of publick worship &c.—looks a little harsh, when it is known, that many who are not tied up to the trap-stick work of state establishments are, perhaps, as conscientious worshipers of God as any who are compelled to worship, thro' the force of a constable's execution. But the heavy charge is; they were to be justified in withdrawing that support of the christian ministry which the laws now oblige them to give 1—2.

las! how will pure and undefiled religion be endangered when these political croakers shall be deprived of their stipends !- will infidelity itself pretend that the dew of Heaven is all exhauft. ed ?-or that the clouds can give no more rain ? Let the jaw of Talleyrand receive these frogs; that opportunity may be afforded for the pure and undefiled fervice of Goo! to make itself manifest !- fuch a law the state of Connecticut passed eight years ago; and now, awful to tell, the Rate of Maffachusetts are about to follow the same example! on this account this political croaker founds the alarm : cries out of the progress of masoury; of the illuminati, and of conspiracy against prietts !- one would think him possessed of full information; that the State of Connesticut was already swallowed up and that the toofin was already founding; that the flight of wisdow, from the counsels of Massa. chusetts, was at hand !- alas for such croakers ! nothing can be plead in their behalf but the trepidation in which they confess themselves to be-Hear the confession of this man ! " I am aware" fays he " that for those gloomy forebodings and for this vindication of the clergy, I may by some, be called visionary, splenetic, credulous, and selfish"-Let any reader of his book fay, if ever man clothed himfelf with a more becoming garment! at least, by the constant skippings and croakings of this credulous visionary, it might well be judged that he heard the howlings of Talleyrand's pack at the front door, and saw the huntsmen ready to receive him in the rear!

Bur left, before the honest ftricures of our pen had gone thro' with an examination of the visionary schemes, and ematiated defence of this political croaker; he should get such a pelting as to fall from his post, and perhaps obtain friends, thro' compassion; the NATIONAL FAST fermon is discharged; information being given; that the mean apologies-the unmeaning hows and cringing supplications for pardon-the alarm about fecret societies which do not exist-the unqualified reproaches of the masonic order, who never dreamed of their political consequence, muchless of any political defection from the general ininterest until taught that they were capable of it by this performance; shall be again taken up and dashed in the face of this croaker, the next time the swelling of his bladder gives notice that his head is above water.

STONE against the IMAGE No. XXIV.

## A CONFESSION,

At the bar of the ecclesiastical counsels of the State of Connecticut.

SIRS,

Understanding that it hath been moved in one of your bodies, that, on confession, the undersigned might be received to the fellowship of your councils and communion; I have thought proper to pen the following, which is submitted for your consideration.

Confession is made, that untill Feb. 5th, 1796, I walked in the service and fellowship of your communion, fo far as my licenture for pub? lie fervice by you; and fo far as my ordination, by the presbytery of New York, in your counection, gave me a Randing with you. Forefees ing with you, that the figns of the times predicted fomething favorable to the house of Gon, I was led to use my influence in uniting the brathren of different denominations, as much as poffible, into one body, that the general and univerfal fellowship, expected, might be promoted. whilst occupied in collecting difcourses for publication, in maintaining extensive correspondencies on the subject of promoting the general interest of religion, following up the fame by maintaining a circuit of preaching for forty miles, in the

vicinity of Elifabethtown; it pleased God to give me to understand that no millennial prospects were to be realised under the mixed, mutilated, and apostate condition in which the external or. der of the visible household, then was. A secession from the connexton in which I stood was infifted on ; that I might return to the doctrine, precept and example of the great Redeemer in the pattern the wed in the mount .- I proclaimed myfelf "independant of the Prefbytery, of the Synod, and of the general Affembly."-I faid that the presbyterian ofder, as a body, had its origin in the pattern of the Scottish church : that this church, by the lardings and daubings of acts of parliament, with which the old confession of faith was full, proved itself to belong to the an. tichriftian family ; many in Scotland pronouncing the Kick of Scotland in its texare, & appendages to form a very prominent feature in the field of prophetic apoltacy. The reception of the kings committee fitting with his drawn fword at the right hand of the moderator of the General Affemoly - the right of arithograt prefentation and the power to enforce fuch presentation to livings in the face of the choice and wishes of the people, at the point of the bayonet, sufficiently proves the connexion with kingly power, and evinces the spiritual tyranny which this church maintains :- as a sprout from this stump, the

congregation over which I presided possessed a charter given under royal hand and seal; in which the officers of the church and the priveledges of the congregation were specified. being willing to acknowledge none as head of the church, in any form of ecclesiastical administration, but the LORD JESUS CHRIST, the Great Head of the church, I pronounced independence, and began to instruct, and to organize upon the plan I judged truly scriptural.

THE open declaration of independence of the presbyterian connexion, brought a question before the congregation, whether, under fuch circumftances the connexion could be continued. The matter was refered to the presbytery, foon to sit, at New York. Being warned of God of my duty to leave the place, I prepared myfelf for a removal and at the meeting of the prefbytery at New-York, was no my way to New England. Before the presbytery I pronounced my willingness that they should take such notice of the reference from Elifabethtown as they thought proper : and , at the fame time, expressed my determination to withdraw from the connexion and government of the profbyterian church, a priveledge, which, as a presbyterian, I had right to exercise.

In Connecticut, my public, labors have, at times breathed the fame fpirit of indepenence; and have looked, in the illustration of the prophcies, at the independent state of the church which is at the door. My opinion is ftill firm and unshaken, that the day of God's great power is at hand ; that his church will be purified, and washed from all the filthiness she hath contracted in her apostate condition; and that as soon as the church shall have made herself ready, the Great Bridegroom of the Heavens will appear for the espoulal of his Bride. Furthering this object, and fulfilling the will of God, I think it incumbent to declare, that neither you nor your hearers can continue a moment longer in the flate in which you are, without becoming expefed to the weighty fentence God hath pronouneed against those who are found in connection with the administration of the dragor, of the beaft, and of the falle prophet. The passage of fcrip. ture calculated to throw light on this testimony, and to enforce it by penalties, awful as the pains of Hell, is found in Rev. XIV. 8, 12.

"8 And there followed another angel, laying, Babylon is fallen, is fallen, that greateity,
because she made all nations drink of the wine
of the wrath of her fornication.

<sup>9</sup> And the third angel followed them, fiving

with a loud voice, If any man worship the beast and his image, and receive his mark in his forehead, or in his hand,

The fame shall drink of the wine of the wrath of God; which is poured out without mixture into the cup of his indignation; and he shall be tormented with fire and brimstone in the presence of the holy angels, and in the presente of the Lamb.

and the smoke of their torment ascendeth up for ever and ever: and they have no red day nor night, who worship the beast and his image, and whosever receiveth the mark of his name.

12 Here is the patience of the faints: here are they that keep the commandments of GoD, and the faith of JESUS.

This passage is designed to open the door of separation from the several communions and sell-lowships of worldly establishment, and to form, of all such as shall come out of their Babylonish estate, one new, uniform and perfect church.—
The awful decree, just now cited, is designed to weaken the throne of the beast and of his image, and of all their instruments. The worship of the beast and of his image expresses the come

dition of those who yeild obcifance to the empire of the beaft and of his Image; or received his mark in the forehead or in the band : thus flaves . of old, were branded in their forehead and in their hand to express to whom they appertained :: fo, in these days, the mark received in the hand, or in the forehead is the receiving the cup of communion from the hand of any in the connexion of the kings of the earth; or being baptized ; receiving the mark upon the forehead, denoting that we are flaves to Babylon and devoted to her fervice. - Hence, this is the moment to make use of the interesting and affectionate call : come out of her my people that ye be not partakers in her fins, and that ye receive not of her plagues!

In the name of God the truth now advances, that it may strike down all the fabricks of human and ecclesiastical invention, which have for their foundation, or support any mixture of human inventions, not acknowledged in God's holy word. All are such whose standing would be shook by the withdrawing of the hand of earthly power, or support. If Christ's kingdom hath not wisdom in its texture, oil in its horn, and power from above, equal to a standing on Christ the only soundation, let it fall to the ground! If the prophetic, priestly and kingly csil.

ces of the Redeemer are not sufficient for the defence of his honor, and the comfort of his people here below, it is not to be supposed that kingly power will aid to advance a cause, in its nature and design repugnant to their own wishes, otherwise than as it tends to the agrandizement of men in the forgetting of God.

These things, firs! I openly confess, and cheerfully avow, and am so far affured that these sentiments are gaining ground, every day that I am perfectly consident of their eventual success: especially whilst I know that the God of Heaven is now plying the engine of truth and of power, that men may know and obey, with growing alacrity, all his blessed wills.

In respect to the mode of induction into the new order of things it will be manifest to those who with becoming temper, may apply. A standard will be shortly raised; to which, in a spiritual sence, the gathering of the people shall be.

In regard to civil power I believe it to be good in its place: in regard to things of this world. That the United States may fee the falvation of God, thro' the touchings of his great power, is my epectation and hope: and dare to fay there is a period, and an event not far distant in which the wisdom of God will be concerns. Of this period, and of this event and of the happy effects, the President of the United States will have full evidence in proper time! The God of Heaven will let the President know that he hath other counsels of wisdom and of grace for this country, more than what can be obtained from the votaries of the beast or of the false propher-

## DAVID AUSTIN, Junro

SHORTLY may be expected from the prefs, a Masonic discourse; entitled MASONRY, in its GLORY; or the TEMPLE of SOLOMON, ILLUMINATED: in which attempt, it appears that the Temple of CREATION; the GOSPEL TEMPLE, and the TEMPLE of SOLO-MON are but one and the fame thing; that they are but different modifications of the same general administration; that this fact needs only to be known; to lead the votaries of natural religion, to shake hands with the Christian and rhe Mason. This done, a three fold cord will present itself, in behalf of the testimony of God, not easily to be broken. For this light, the children of men are waiting; that the walls of feparation may be thrown down, and a spirit of general fraternity, of peace on earth and of good will to men encompass the globe !

THE whole is done in the light of feven lamps, fulfained by the golden candlestick of Zechariah, a figure of the seven spirits which burn before the throne of GOD and of the LAMB.



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